1	CONSUMER PRIVACY ACT
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
5	House Sponsor: Brady Brammer
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts the Utah Consumer Privacy Act and Utah Commercial Email Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 provides consumers the right to access, correct, and delete certain personal data;
14	• gives consumers the right to opt out of the collection and use of personal data for
15	certain purposes;
16	requires certain businesses that control and process personal data of consumers to:
17	 safeguard personal data;
18	 provide clear information to consumers regarding how the consumer's personal
19	data are used;
20	 accept consumer requests to exercise the consumer's rights under this bill;
21	• comply with a consumer's request to exercise the consumer's rights under this
22	bill; and
23	 maintain data protection assessments;
24	 creates a process for a consumer to submit requests and appeal a business's decision
25	regarding the business's processing of the consumer's personal data;



26	 allows the Division of Consumer Protection to accept and investigate consumer
27	complaints regarding the processing of personal data;
28	empowers the Office of the Attorney General to:
29	 obtain and evaluate a business's data protection assessments;
30	 take enforcement action against violators; and
31	 impose penalties for violations;
32	 creates a right for a consumer to know what personal information a business
33	collects, how the business uses the personal information, and whether the business
34	sells the personal information;
35	 allows a consumer to require a business to delete personal information, with
36	exceptions, and direct a business that sells personal information to stop selling the
37	consumer's personal information;
38	 prohibits an advertiser or a person initiating an email from sending unauthorized or
39	misleading commercial email from this state or to a Utah email address;
40	• creates a cause of action for the Office of the Attorney General, the electronic mail
41	service provider, the recipient of the unsolicited commercial email, and any person
42	whose brand, trademark, email address, or domain name is used without permission
43	to recover damages related to unauthorized or misleading commercial email;
44	 permits the prevailing party to recover attorney fees and costs in an action related to
45	unauthorized or misleading commercial email; and
46	makes technical changes.
47	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
48	None
49	Other Special Clauses:
50	This bill provides a special effective date.
51	Utah Code Sections Affected:
52	AMENDS:
53	13-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 118
54	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 112, 198, 339, 349, 382,
55	and 393
56	ENACTS:

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            13-58-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            13-58-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            13-58-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            13-58-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-306, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            13-58-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-58-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-59-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-59-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            13-59-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            13-59-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **13-2-1** is amended to read:

13-2-1. Consumer protection division established -- Functions.

- (1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer Protection.
- 84 (2) The division shall administer and enforce the following:
- 85 (a) Chapter 5, Unfair Practices Act;
- 86 (b) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act;
- (c) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act;

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88	(d) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act;
89	(e) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act;
90	(f) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act;
91	(g) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act;
92	(h) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act;
93	(i) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act;
94	(j) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;
95	(k) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;
96	(l) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
97	(m) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary Proprietary School Act;
98	(n) Chapter 34a, Utah Postsecondary School State Authorization Act;
99	(o) Chapter 39, Child Protection Registry;
100	(p) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act;
101	(q) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act;
102	(r) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act;
103	(s) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act;
104	(t) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;
105	(u) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;
106	(v) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act;
107	(w) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act; [and]
108	(x) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act[-]; and
109	(y) Chapter 58, Utah Consumer Privacy Act.
110	Section 2. Section 13-58-101 is enacted to read:
111	CHAPTER 58. UTAH CONSUMER PRIVACY ACT
112	Part 1. General Provisions
113	<u>13-58-101.</u> Title.
114	This chapter is known as the "Utah Consumer Privacy Act."
115	Section 3. Section 13-58-102 is enacted to read:
116	<u>13-58-102.</u> Definitions.
117	As used in this chapter:
118	(1) (a) "Affiliate" means a person who directly or indirectly through one or more

119	intermediaries controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person
120	specified.
121	(b) "Affiliate" includes a subsidiary.
122	(2) "Air carrier" means the same as that term is defined in 49 U.S.C. Sec. 40102.
123	(3) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a consumer's
124	request to exercise the rights described in Section 13-58-202 is made by the consumer who is
125	entitled to exercise those rights.
126	(4) "Business associate" means the same as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec.
127	<u>160.103.</u>
128	(5) "Child" means an individual younger than 13 years old.
129	(6) "Consent" means an affirmative act by a consumer that unambiguously indicates
130	the consumer's voluntary and informed agreement to allow a person to process personal data
131	related to the consumer.
132	(7) (a) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of the state acting in an
133	individual or household context.
134	(b) "Consumer" does not include an individual acting in an employment or commercial
135	context.
136	(8) (a) "Controller" means a person doing business in the state who determines the
137	purposes for which and the means by which personal data is processed, regardless of whether
138	the person makes the determination alone or with others.
139	(b) "Controller" does not include a person who processes personal data solely for the
140	purposes described in Subsections 13-58-305(1)(a) through (d), or (f).
141	(9) "Covered entity" means the same as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 160.103.
142	(10) "Deidentified data" means data that:
143	(a) cannot reasonably be linked to an identifiable individual; and
144	(b) are possessed by a controller who:
145	(i) takes reasonable measures to ensure that a person cannot associate the data with an
146	identifiable individual;
147	(ii) publicly commits to maintain and use the data only in deidentified form and not
148	attempt to reidentify the data; and
149	(iii) contractually obligates any recipients of the data to comply with the requirements

150	described in Subsections (10)(b)(1) and (11).
151	(11) "Director" means the director of the Division of Consumer Protection.
152	(12) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection created in Section 13-2-1.
153	(13) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
154	(14) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
155	(15) "Identifiable individual" means an individual who can be readily identified,
156	directly or indirectly.
157	(16) "Local political subdivision" means the same as that term is defined in Section
158	<u>11-14-102.</u>
159	(17) "Nonprofit corporation" means:
160	(a) the same as that term is defined in Section 16-6a-102; or
161	(b) a foreign nonprofit corporation as defined in Section 16-6a-102.
162	(18) (a) "Personal data" means any information that:
163	(i) identifies, describes, or is linked to an identifiable individual; or
164	(ii) is reasonably capable of identifying, describing, or being linked to an identifiable
165	<u>individual.</u>
166	(b) "Personal data" does not include:
167	(i) deidentified data, anonymous or pseudonymous data, or publicly available
168	information; or
169	(ii) data processed by a controller, processor, or third party.
170	(19) "Process" means an operation or set of operations performed on personal data,
171	including collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or modification of personal
172	<u>data.</u>
173	(20) "Processor" means a person who processes personal data on behalf of a controller.
174	(21) "Profiling" means automated processing of personal data to evaluate, analyze, or
175	predict personal aspects concerning an identifiable individual's:
176	(a) economic situation;
177	(b) health;
178	(c) personal preferences;
179	(d) interests;
180	(e) reliability;

181	(f) behavior;
182	(g) location; or
183	(h) movements.
184	(22) "Protected health information" means the same as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R.
185	Sec. 160.103.
186	(23) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific
187	individual without the use of additional information, if the additional information is:
188	(a) kept separate from the consumer's personal data; and
189	(b) subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure that the
190	personal data are not attributable to an identifiable individual.
191	(24) "Publicly available information" means information that a person:
192	(a) lawfully obtains from a federal, state, or local political subdivision record;
193	(b) reasonably believes a consumer or widely distributed media has lawfully made
194	available to the general public; or
195	(c) if the consumer has not restricted the information to a specific audience, obtains
196	from a person to whom the consumer disclosed the information.
197	(25) "Right" means a consumer right described in Section 13-58-202.
198	(26) (a) "Sale," "sell," or "sold" means the exchange of personal data for monetary
199	consideration by a controller to a third party.
200	(b) "Sale" does not include:
201	(i) a controller's disclosure of personal data to a processor who processes the personal
202	data on behalf of the controller;
203	(ii) a controller's disclosure of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;
204	(iii) considering the context in which the consumer provided the personal data to the
205	controller, a controller's disclosure of personal data to a third party if the purpose is consistent
206	with a consumer's reasonable expectations;
207	(iv) a consumer's disclosure of personal data to a third party for the purpose of
208	providing a product or service requested by the consumer;
209	(v) a consumer's disclosure of information that the consumer:
210	(A) intentionally makes available to the general public via a channel of mass media;
211	and

212	(B) does not restrict to a specific audience; or
213	(vi) a controller's transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a
214	proposed or actual merger, an acquisition, or a bankruptcy in which the third party assumes
215	control of all or part of the controller's assets.
216	(27) (a) "Sensitive data" means:
217	(i) personal data that reveals an individual's:
218	(A) racial or ethnic origin;
219	(B) religious beliefs;
220	(C) diagnosed mental or physical health condition;
221	(D) sexual orientation; or
222	(E) citizenship or immigration status;
223	(ii) the processing of genetic or biometric personal data for the purpose of identifying
224	an individual;
225	(iii) the personal data of a known child; or
226	(iv) specific geolocation data.
227	(b) "Sensitive data" does not include personal data that reveals an individual's racial or
228	ethnic origin, if the personal data is processed by a video communication service.
229	(28) (a) "Specific geolocation data" means information:
230	(i) derived from technology; and
231	(ii) used or intended to be used to identify the specific location of a consumer within a
232	geographic area with a radius of 1,850 feet or less.
233	(b) "Specific geolocation data" does not include the content of a communication.
234	(29) (a) "Targeted advertising" means displaying an advertisement to a consumer
235	where the advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained from the consumer's
236	activities over time and across nonaffiliated websites or online applications to predict the
237	consumer's preferences or interests.
238	(b) "Targeted advertising" does not include advertising:
239	(i) based on a consumer's activities within a controller's or an affiliate of the
240	controller's websites or online applications;
241	(ii) based on the context of a consumer's current search query or visit to a website or
242	online application;

243	(111) directed to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for information,
244	product, a service, or feedback; or
245	(iv) used solely to measure or report advertising:
246	(A) performance;
247	(B) reach; or
248	(C) frequency.
249	(30) "Third party" means a person other than:
250	(a) the consumer, controller, or processor; or
251	(b) an affiliate or contractor of the controller or the processor.
252	Section 4. Section 13-58-201 is enacted to read:
253	Part 2. Rights Relating to Personal Information
254	13-58-201. Applicability.
255	(1) This chapter applies to any controller or processor who:
256	(a) (i) conducts business in the state; or
257	(ii) produces a product or service that is targeted to residents of the state;
258	(b) has annual revenue of \$25,000,000 or more; and
259	(c) satisfies one or more of the following thresholds:
260	(i) during a calendar year, controls or processes personal data of 100,000 or more
261	consumers; or
262	(ii) derives over 50% of the entity's gross revenue from the sale of personal data and
263	controls or processes personal data of 25,000 or more consumers.
264	(2) This chapter does not apply to:
265	(a) a government entity;
266	(b) a tribe;
267	(c) a nonprofit corporation;
268	(d) a covered entity;
269	(e) a business associate;
270	(f) information that meets the definition of:
271	(i) protected health information for purposes of the federal Health Insurance Portability
272	and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320d et seq., and related regulations;
273	(ii) patient identifying information for purposes of 42 C.F.R. Part 2:

274	(iii) identifiable private information for purposes of the Federal Policy for the
275	Protection of Human Subjects, 45 C.F.R. Part 46;
276	(iv) identifiable private information or personal data collected as part of human
277	subjects research pursuant to or under the same standards as:
278	(A) the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for
279	Harmonisation; or
280	(B) the Protection of Human Subjects under 21 C.F.R. Part 50 and Institutional Review
281	Boards under 21 C.F.R. Part 56;
282	(v) personal data used or shared in research conducted in accordance with one or more
283	of the requirements described in Subsection (2)(e)(iv);
284	(vi) information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained
285	by, a committee listed in Section 26-1-7;
286	(vii) information and documents created for purposes of the federal Health Care
287	Quality Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 11101 et seq., and related regulations;
288	(viii) patient safety work product for purposes of 42 C.F.R. Part 3; or
289	(ix) information that is:
290	(A) deidentified in accordance with the requirements for deidentification set forth in 45
291	C.F.R. Part 164; and
292	(B) derived from any of the health care-related information listed in this Subsection
293	<u>(2)(d);</u>
294	(g) information originating from, and intermingled to be indistinguishable with,
295	information under Subsection (2)(f) that is maintained by:
296	(i) a health care facility or health care provider; or
297	(ii) a program or a qualified service organization as defined in 42 C.F.R. Sec. 2.11;
298	(h) information used only for public health activities and purposes as described in 45
299	C.F.R. Sec. 164.512;
300	(i) (i) an activity by:
301	(A) a consumer reporting agency, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a;
302	(B) a furnisher of information, as set forth in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681s-2, who provides
303	information for use in a consumer report, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a; or
304	(C) a user of a consumer report, as set forth in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681b;

305	(ii) subject to regulation under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec.
306	<u>1681 et seq.; and</u>
307	(iii) involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of
308	any personal information bearing on a consumer's:
309	(A) credit worthiness;
310	(B) credit standing;
311	(C) credit capacity;
312	(D) character;
313	(E) general reputation;
314	(F) personal characteristics; or
315	(G) mode of living;
316	(j) a financial institution or an affiliate of a financial institution governed by, or
317	personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in accordance with, the federal
318	Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 6801 et seq., and related regulations;
319	(k) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in accordance with the federal
320	Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2721 et seq.;
321	(l) personal data regulated by the federal Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20
322	U.S.C. Sec. 1232g, and related regulations;
323	(m) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in accordance with the
324	federal Farm Credit Act of 1971, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 2001 et seq.;
325	(n) data that are:
326	(i) directly related to an employment record or application; or
327	(ii) maintained for the purpose of providing employee benefits;
328	(o) an individual's processing of personal data for purely personal or household
329	purposes; or
330	(p) an air carrier.
331	(3) A controller is in compliance with any obligation to obtain parental consent under
332	this chapter if the controller complies with the verifiable parental consent mechanisms under
333	the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 6501 et seq., and its implementing
334	regulations.
335	(4) This chapter does not require a person to take any action in conflict with the federal

336	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320d et seq., or
337	related regulations.
338	Section 5. Section 13-58-202 is enacted to read:
339	13-58-202. Consumer rights Access Correction Deletion Portability Opt
340	out of certain processing.
341	(1) A consumer has the right to:
342	(a) confirm whether a controller is processing personal data concerning the consumer;
343	<u>and</u>
344	(b) obtain information regarding the categories of personal data concerning the
345	consumer the controller has collected.
346	(2) A consumer has the right to correct inaccurate personal data concerning the
347	consumer, taking into account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the
348	processing of the personal data.
349	(3) A consumer has the right to delete the consumer's personal data that the consumer
350	provided to the controller.
351	(4) A consumer has the right to obtain a copy of the consumer's personal data, that the
352	consumer previously provided to the controller, in a format that:
353	(a) to the extent technically feasible, is portable;
354	(b) to the extent practicable, is readily-usable; and
355	(c) allows the consumer to transmit the data to another controller without impediment,
356	where the processing is carried out by automated means.
357	(5) A consumer has the right to opt out of the processing of the consumer's personal
358	data for purposes of:
359	(a) targeted advertising;
360	(b) the sale of personal data; or
361	(c) profiling in furtherance of decisions regarding:
362	(i) enrollment in an educational institution;
363	(ii) criminal justice;
364	(iii) employment opportunities;
365	(iv) health care services; or
366	(v) access to basic necessities.

367	Section 6. Section 13-58-203 is enacted to read:
368	13-58-203. Exercising consumer rights.
369	(1) A consumer may exercise a right by submitting a request to a controller specifying
370	the right the consumer intends to exercise.
371	(2) In the case of processing personal data concerning a known child, the parent or
372	legal guardian of the known child shall exercise a right on the child's behalf.
373	(3) In the case of processing personal data concerning a consumer subject to
374	guardianship, conservatorship, or other protective arrangement under Title 75, Chapter 5,
375	Protection of Persons Under Disability and Their Property, the guardian or the conservator of
376	the consumer shall exercise a right on the consumer's behalf.
377	Section 7. Section 13-58-204 is enacted to read:
378	13-58-204. Controller's response to requests.
379	(1) A controller shall comply with a consumer's request to exercise a right.
380	(2) (a) A controller shall provide one or more secure and reliable means for a consumer
381	to submit a request to exercise a right, including an email address to which a consumer may
382	submit a request.
383	(b) In providing the means described in Subsection (2)(a), a controller shall consider:
384	(i) the ways in which consumers interact with the controller; and
385	(ii) the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests.
386	(c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account to exercise a right.
387	(d) A controller may require a consumer to use an existing account to exercise a right.
388	(3) (a) Within 45 days after the day on which a controller receives a request to exercise
389	a right, the controller shall:
390	(i) take action on the consumer's request; and
391	(ii) inform the consumer of any action taken on the consumer's request under Section
392	<u>13-58-203.</u>
393	(b) The controller may extend once the initial 45-day period by an additional 45 days if
394	reasonably necessary due to the complexity of the request or the volume of the requests
395	received by the controller.
396	(c) If a controller extends the initial 45-day period, before the initial 45-day period
397	expires, the controller shall:

398	(i) inform the consumer of the extension, including the length of the extension; and
399	(ii) provide the reasons the extension is reasonably necessary as described in
400	Subsection (3)(b).
401	(d) If a controller chooses not to take action on a consumer's request, the controller
402	shall:
403	(i) within 45 days after the day on which the controller receives the request, inform the
404	consumer of the reasons for not taking action; and
405	(ii) provide instructions for how to appeal the controller's decision in accordance with
406	Section 13-58-205.
407	(e) A controller may not charge a fee for information in response to a request, unless
408	the request is the consumer's second or subsequent request during the same 12-month period.
409	(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e), if a request is duplicative, the controller may:
410	(i) charge a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with the
411	request; or
412	(ii) refuse to act on the request.
413	(g) The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the duplicative nature of a
414	request.
415	(h) If a controller is unable to authenticate a consumer request to exercise a right
416	described in Section 13-58-202 using commercially reasonable efforts, the controller:
417	(i) is not required to comply with the request; and
418	(ii) may request that the consumer provide additional information reasonably necessary
419	to authenticate the request.
420	Section 8. Section 13-58-205 is enacted to read:
421	13-58-205. Consumer appeal process.
422	(1) A controller shall establish an internal process that allows a consumer to appeal the
423	controller's failure to comply with Section 13-58-204.
424	(2) The controller shall ensure that the appeal process described in Subsection (1) is:
425	(a) conspicuously available; and
426	(b) equally easy to use as the process for submitting a request under Section 13-58-203.
427	(3) (a) Within 60 days after the day on which a controller receives an appeal, the
428	controller shall:

429	(i) inform the consumer of any action taken in response to the appeal; and
430	(ii) provide a written explanation of the reasons in support of the controller's action or
431	inaction.
432	(b) The controller may extend once the initial 60-day period by an additional 60 days is
433	reasonably necessary due to the complexity of the request or number of the requests serving as
434	the basis for the appeal.
435	(c) If a controller extends the initial 60-day period, before the initial 60-day period
436	expires, the controller shall:
437	(i) inform the consumer of the extension, including the length of the extension; and
438	(ii) provide the reasons the extension is reasonably necessary as described in
439	Subsection (3)(b).
440	(4) When informing a consumer of any action taken or not taken by the controller in
441	response to an appeal, the controller shall:
442	(a) inform the consumer of the consumer's right to contact the division; and
443	(b) upon request, provide to the consumer the controller's written explanation of the
444	reasons in support of the controller's action.
445	(5) This section does not require a consumer to submit an appeal under this section
446	before submitting a complaint to the division regarding a controller's failure to comply with
447	Section 13-58-204.
448	Section 9. Section 13-58-301 is enacted to read:
449	Part 3. Requirements for Controllers and Processors
450	13-58-301. Responsibility according to role.
451	(1) A processor shall:
452	(a) adhere to the controller's instructions; and
453	(b) assist the controller to meet the controller's obligations under this chapter by
454	providing information to the controller that is necessary to enable the controller to conduct and
455	document any data protection assessments required under Section 13-58-304.
456	(2) A processor shall:
457	(a) taking into account the context in which the personal data are to be processed,
458	implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and practices to protect personal data;
459	(b) ensure that each person processing personal data is subject to a duty of

460	confidentiality with respect to the personal data; and
461	(c) engage a subcontractor only pursuant to a written contract that requires the
462	subcontractor to meet the same obligations as the processor with respect to the personal data.
463	(3) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to
464	a specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in
465	which personal data are to be processed.
466	Section 10. Section 13-58-302 is enacted to read:
467	13-58-302. Responsibilities of controllers Transparency Purpose specification
468	and data minimization Consent for secondary use Security Nondiscrimination
169	Nonretaliation Nonwaiver of consumer rights.
470	(1) (a) A controller shall provide consumers with a reasonably accessible and clear
471	privacy notice that includes:
472	(i) the categories of personal data processed by the controller;
473	(ii) the purposes for which the categories of personal data are processed;
174	(iii) how and where consumers may exercise a right, including how a consumer may
475	appeal a controller's action with regard to the consumer's request to exercise a right;
476	(iv) the categories of personal data that the controller shares with third parties, if any;
177	<u>and</u>
478	(v) the categories of third parties, if any, with whom the controller shares personal data
179	(b) If a controller sells personal data to one or more third parties or processes personal
480	data for targeted advertising, the controller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose to the
481	consumer the manner in which the consumer may exercise the right to opt out of the:
482	(i) sale of the consumer's personal data; or
483	(ii) processing for targeted advertising.
484	(2) A controller may not collect personal data, unless:
185	(a) the collection is:
486	(i) relevant to the purposes for which the controller is processing the personal data; and
187	(ii) as disclosed to the consumer, limited to the personal data reasonably necessary to
488	achieve the purposes for which the controller is processing the personal data; or
189	(b) the controller obtains the consumer's consent.
490	(3) (a) A controller shall establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative,

491	technical, and physical data security practices designed to:
492	(i) protect the confidentiality and integrity of personal data; and
493	(ii) reduce reasonably foreseeable risks of harm to consumers relating to the processing
494	of personal data.
495	(b) Considering the controller's business size, scope, and type, a controller shall use
496	data security practices that are appropriate for the volume and nature of the personal data at
497	issue.
498	(4) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a controller may not process sensitive
499	data concerning a consumer without obtaining:
500	(a) the consumer's consent; or
501	(b) in the case of the processing of personal data concerning a known child, the consent
502	of the child's parent or lawful guardian in accordance with the federal Children's Online
503	Privacy Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 6501 et seq.
504	(5) (a) A controller may not discriminate against a consumer for exercising a right by:
505	(i) denying a good or service to the consumer;
506	(ii) charging the consumer a different price or rate for a good or service; or
507	(iii) providing the consumer a different level of quality of a good or service.
508	(b) This Subsection (5) does not prohibit a controller from:
509	(i) offering a different price, rate, level, quality, or selection of a good or service to a
510	consumer, including offering a good or service for no fee or at a discount, as part of the
511	consumer's voluntary participation in a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts,
512	or club card program; or
513	(ii) offering a financial or other incentive to a consumer to allow the controller to
514	process the consumer's personal data, including offering a product or service for no fee, if the
515	incentive is reasonably related to the value of the processing to the controller.
516	(6) A controller is not required to provide a product, service, or functionality to a
517	consumer if:
518	(a) the consumer's personal data are or the processing of the consumer's personal data
519	is reasonably necessary for the controller to provide the consumer the product, service, or
520	functionality; and
521	(b) the consumer does not:

522	(i) provide the consumer's personal data to the controller; or
523	(ii) allow the controller to process the consumer's personal data.
524	(7) Any provision of a contract that purports to waive or limit a consumer's right under
525	this chapter is void.
526	Section 11. Section 13-58-303 is enacted to read:
527	13-58-303. Processing deidentified data or pseudonymous data.
528	(1) The provisions of this chapter do not require a controller or processor to:
529	(a) reidentify deidentified data;
530	(b) comply with an authenticated consumer request to exercise a right described in
531	Subsections 13-58-202(1) through (4), if:
532	(i) (A) the controller is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the
533	personal data; or
534	(B) it would be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request
535	with the personal data;
536	(ii) the controller does not:
537	(A) use the personal data to recognize or respond to the consumer who is the subject of
538	the personal data; or
539	(B) associate the personal data with other personal data about the consumer; and
540	(iii) the controller does not sell or otherwise disclose the personal data to any third
541	party other than a processor, except as otherwise permitted in this section; or
542	(c) maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, retain, or access any data or
543	technology, in order to be capable of associating an authenticated consumer request with
544	personal data.
545	(2) The rights described in Subsections 13-58-202(1) through (4) do not apply to
546	pseudonymous data if a controller keeps information necessary to identify a consumer:
547	(a) separate from the pseudonymous data; and
548	(b) subject to effective technical and organizational controls that prevent the controller
549	from accessing the information.
550	(3) A controller who uses pseudonymous data or deidentified data shall take reasonable
551	steps to ensure the controller:
552	(a) complies with any contractual obligations to which the pseudonymous data or

553	deidentified data are subject; and
554	(b) promptly addresses any breach of a contractual obligation described in Subsection
555	<u>(3)(a).</u>
556	Section 12. Section 13-58-304 is enacted to read:
557	13-58-304. Data protection assessments.
558	(1) In accordance with Subsection (2), a controller shall conduct and document a data
559	protection assessment of the following processing activities involving personal data:
560	(a) the processing of personal data for purposes of targeted advertising;
561	(b) the sale of personal data;
562	(c) the processing of personal data for purposes of profiling, if the profiling presents a
563	reasonably foreseeable risk to consumers of:
564	(i) unfair or deceptive treatment;
565	(ii) disparate impact; or
566	(iii) financial, physical, or reputational injury;
567	(d) the processing of sensitive data; and
568	(e) any processing activities involving personal data that present a heightened risk of
569	harm or substantial injury to a consumer.
570	(2) A controller shall conduct and document a data protection assessment:
571	(a) no later than July 1, 2023; and
572	(b) each time the controller changes the controller's processing activities involving
573	personal data.
574	(3) A controller shall consider in the controller's data protection assessment:
575	(a) the benefits that may flow, directly or indirectly, from the processing of personal
576	data to the controller, the consumer, stakeholders, and the public;
577	(b) potential security risks to a consumer's personal data, as mitigated by safeguards
578	that can be employed by the controller;
579	(c) the use of deidentified data;
580	(d) the reasonable expectations of consumers;
581	(e) the context of the processing; and
582	(f) the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose personal data will
583	be processed.

584	(4) (a) The division or attorney general may request, in writing, that a controller
585	disclose any data protection assessment that is relevant to an investigation conducted by the
586	division or attorney general.
587	(b) A controller shall make a data protection assessment available to the division or
588	attorney general upon request.
589	(c) A data protection assessment is confidential and is a protected record for purposes
590	of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
591	(d) The disclosure of a data protection assessment in accordance with a request from
592	the division or attorney general under this subsection does not constitute a waiver of the
593	attorney-client privilege or work product protection with respect to the assessment or any
594	information contained in the assessment.
595	(5) A controller shall retain the controller's data protection assessments for at least
596	three years.
597	Section 13. Section 13-58-305 is enacted to read:
598	<u>13-58-305.</u> Limitations.
599	(1) The requirements described in this chapter do not restrict a controller or processor's
600	ability to:
601	(a) comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or
602	summons by a federal, state, local, or other governmental entity;
603	(b) cooperate with a law enforcement agency concerning activity that the controller or
604	processor reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or local laws, rules,
605	or regulations;
606	(c) investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend a legal claim;
607	(d) provide a product or service requested by a consumer;
608	(e) perform a contract to which the consumer is a party, or take steps at the request of
609	the consumer before entering into a contract with the consumer;
610	(f) take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical
611	safety of the consumer or of another individual;
612	(g) (i) detect, prevent, or respond to a security incident, identity theft, fraud,
613	harassment, malicious or deceptive activity, or any illegal activity; and
614	(ii) investigate, report, or prosecute a person responsible for an action described in

615	Subsection (1)(g)(i);
616	(h) preserve the integrity or security of systems;
617	(i) if the controller discloses the processing in a notice described in Section 13-58-302
618	engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific, historical, or statistical research in the public
619	interest that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws;
620	(j) assist another person with an obligation described in this subsection; or
621	(k) process deidentified and pseudonymous data to:
622	(i) conduct internal analytics or other research solely to develop, improve, or repair a
623	controller or processor's product, service, or technology; or
624	(ii) identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or intended functionality;
625	(l) process personal data to perform a solely internal operation that is:
626	(i) reasonably aligned with the consumer's expectations based on the consumer's
627	existing relationship with the controller; or
628	(ii) otherwise compatible with processing to aid the controller or processor in
629	providing a product or service specifically requested by a consumer or the performance of a
630	contract to which the consumer is a party; or
631	(m) retain a consumer's email address to comply with the consumer's request to
632	exercise a right.
633	(2) This chapter does not apply if a controller or processor's compliance with this
634	chapter:
635	(a) violates an evidentiary privilege under Utah law;
636	(b) as part of a privileged communication, prevents a controller or processor from
637	providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person covered by an evidentiary privilege
638	under Utah law; or
639	(c) adversely affect the rights of any person.
640	(3) A controller or processor is not in violation of this chapter if:
641	(a) the controller or processor discloses personal data to a third party controller or
642	processor in compliance with this chapter;
643	(b) the third party processes the personal data in violation of this chapter; and
644	(c) the disclosing controller or processor did not have actual knowledge of the third
645	party's intent to commit a violation of this chapter.

646	(4) If a controller processes personal data under an exemption described in Subsection
647	(1), the controller bears the burden of demonstrating that the processing qualifies for the
648	exemption.
649	Section 14. Section 13-58-306 is enacted to read:
650	13-58-306. No private cause of action.
651	There is no private cause of action against a controller or processor for a violation of
652	this chapter.
653	Section 15. Section 13-58-401 is enacted to read:
654	Part 4. Enforcement
655	13-58-401. Investigative powers of division.
656	(1) The division shall establish and administer a system to receive consumer
657	complaints regarding a controller or processor's alleged violation of this chapter.
658	(2) (a) The division may investigate a consumer complaint to determine whether the
659	controller or processor violated or is violating this chapter.
660	(b) If the director has reasonable cause to believe that substantial evidence exists that a
661	person identified in a consumer complaint is in violation of this chapter, the director shall refer
662	the matter to the attorney general.
663	(c) Upon request, the division shall provide consultation and assistance to the attorney
664	general in enforcing this chapter.
665	Section 16. Section 13-58-402 is enacted to read:
666	13-58-402. Enforcement powers of the attorney general.
667	(1) The attorney general has the exclusive authority to enforce this chapter.
668	(2) Upon referral from the division, the attorney general may initiate an enforcement
669	action against a controller or processor for a violation of this chapter.
670	(3) (a) At least 30 days before the day on which the attorney general initiates an
671	enforcement action against a controller or processor, the attorney general shall provide the
672	controller or processor:
673	(i) written notice identifying each provision of this chapter the attorney general alleges
674	the controller or processor has violated or is violating; and
675	(ii) an explanation of the basis for each allegation.
676	(b) The attorney general may not initiate an action if the controller or processor:

/ /	(1) cures the noticed violation within 30 days after the day on which the controller of
78	processor receives the written notice described in Subsection (3)(a); and
79	(ii) provides the attorney general an express written statement that:
30	(A) the violation has been cured; and
31	(B) no further violation will occur.
32	(c) The attorney general may initiate an action against a controller or processor who:
33	(i) fails to cure a violation after receiving the notice described in Subsection (3)(a); or
34	(ii) after curing a noticed violation and providing a written statement in accordance
35	with Subsection (3)(b), continues to violate this chapter.
36	(d) In an action described in Subsection (3)(c), the attorney general may recover:
37	(i) actual damages to the consumer; and
38	(ii) for each violation of this chapter, an amount not to exceed \$1,000 per consumer
39	affected by the violation.
90	(4) All money received from an action under this chapter shall be deposited into the
91	Consumer Privacy Account established in Section 13-58-403.
92	(5) If more than one controller or processor are involved in the same processing in
93	violation of this chapter, the liability for the violation shall be allocated among the controllers
94	or processors according to the principles of comparative fault.
95	Section 17. Section 13-58-403 is enacted to read:
96	13-58-403. Consumer privacy restricted account.
97	(1) There is created a restricted account known as the "Consumer Privacy Account."
98	(2) The account shall be funded by money received through civil enforcement actions
99	under this chapter.
00	(3) Upon appropriation, the division or the attorney general may use money deposited
)1	into the account for:
)2	(a) investigation and administrative costs incurred by the division in investigating
)3	consumer complaints alleging violations of this chapter;
)4	(b) recovery of costs and attorney fees accrued by the attorney general in enforcing this
)5	chapter; and
)6	(c) providing consumer and business education regarding:
)7	(i) consumer rights under this chapter; and

708	(ii) compliance with the provisions of this chapter for controllers and processors.
709	(4) If the balance in the fund exceeds \$4,000,000 at the close of any fiscal year, the
710	Division of Finance shall transfer the amount that exceeds \$4,000,000 into the General Fund
711	Section 18. Section 13-58-404 is enacted to read:
712	13-58-404. Attorney general report.
713	(1) The attorney general and the division shall compile a report:
714	(a) evaluating the liability and enforcement provisions of this chapter, including:
715	(i) the effectiveness of the attorney general's and the division's efforts to enforce this
716	chapter; and
717	(ii) any recommendations for changes to this chapter; and
718	(b) summarizing the data protected and not protected by this chapter including, with
719	reasonable detail:
720	(i) a list of the types of information that are publicly available from local, state, and
721	federal government sources; and
722	(ii) an inventory of information to which this chapter does not apply by virtue of a
723	<u>limitation in Section 13-58-305.</u>
724	(2) The attorney general and the division may update the report as new information
725	becomes available.
726	(3) The attorney general and the division shall submit the report to the Business and
727	Labor Interim Committee before July 1, 2023.
728	Section 19. Section 13-59-101 is enacted to read:
729	CHAPTER 59. UTAH COMMERCIAL EMAIL ACT
730	Part 1. General Provisions
731	<u>13-59-101.</u> Title.
732	This chapter is known as the "Utah Commercial Email Act."
733	Section 20. Section 13-59-102 is enacted to read:
734	<u>13-59-102.</u> Definitions.
735	As used in this chapter:
736	(1) "Advertiser" means a person who advertises the person's product, service, or
737	website through the use of commercial email.
738	(2) (a) "Commercial email" means an email used primarily to:

739	(i) advertise or promote a commercial website, product, or service; or
740	(ii) solicit money, property, or personal information.
741	(b) "Commercial email" does not include email sent for the purpose of marketing
742	research.
743	(3) "Domain name" means any alphanumeric designation that is registered with or
744	assigned by any domain name registrar, domain name registry, or other domain name
745	registration authority as part of an electronic address on the Internet.
746	(4) "Electronic mail service provider" means a company or a service that provides
747	routing, relaying, handling, storage, or support for email addresses and email inboxes.
748	(5) "Header information" means information attached to an email, including:
749	(a) the originating domain name;
750	(b) the originating email address;
751	(c) the destination;
752	(d) the routing information; and
753	(e) any other information that appears in the header line identifying, or purporting to
754	identify, a person initiating the message.
755	(6) "Initiate" means an act of:
756	(a) originating, transmitting, or sending commercial email; or
757	(b) promising, paying, or providing other consideration for another person to originate,
758	transmit, or send a commercial email.
759	(7) (a) "Initiator" means a person who:
760	(i) originates, transmits, or sends commercial email; or
761	(ii) promises, pays, or provides other consideration for another person to originate,
762	transmit, or send commercial email.
763	(b) "Initiator" does not include a person whose activities are a routine conveyance.
764	(8) (a) "Marketing research" means the collection, use, maintenance, or transfer of
765	personal information to investigate the market for the purpose of marketing a product, service,
766	or idea.
767	(b) "Marketing research" does not include:
768	(i) the collection, use, maintenance, or transfer of personal information that is
769	integrated into a product or service; or

770	(ii) the use of personal information to:
771	(A) contact a particular individual or a particular device; or
772	(B) advertise or market to a particular individual or a particular device.
773	(9) "Preexisting or current business relationship" means a situation where the recipient
774	<u>has:</u>
775	(a) made an inquiry and provided an email address; or
776	(b) made an application, a purchase, or a transaction, with or without consideration,
777	related to a product or a service offered by the advertiser.
778	(10) "Recipient" means an addressee of an unsolicited email.
779	(11) "Routine conveyance" means the transmission, routing, relaying, handling, or
780	storing, through an automatic technical process, of an electronic mail message for which
781	another person has identified the recipients or provided the recipients' addresses.
782	(12) "Unsolicited commercial email" means a commercial email sent by an advertiser
783	to a recipient that:
784	(a) has not provided direct consent to the advertiser to receive the commercial email;
785	<u>and</u>
786	(b) does not have a preexisting or current relationship with the advertiser.
787	(13) "Utah email address" means an email address of a resident of this state.
788	Section 21. Section 13-59-201 is enacted to read:
789	Part 2. Restrictions on Commercial Email
790	13-59-201. Prohibited uses of email.
791	An advertiser or an initiator may not knowingly initiate or advertise in a commercial
792	email sent from this state or sent to a Utah email address if:
793	(1) the commercial email contains or is accompanied by a third party's domain name
794	without the permission of the third party;
795	(2) the commercial email contains or is accompanied by false or forged header
796	information, even if the commercial email contains truthful identifying information for the
797	advertiser in the body of the email; or
798	(3) the commercial email has a subject line that is likely to mislead a recipient, acting
799	reasonably under the circumstances, about a material fact regarding the identity of the
800	advertiser, the contents, or the subject matter of the commercial email.

801	Section 22. Section 13-59-202 is enacted to read:
802	<u>13-59-202.</u> Cause of action.
803	(1) (a) The following persons may bring a claim against an advertiser or initiator who
804	violates Section 13-59-201:
805	(i) the attorney general;
806	(ii) an electronic mail service provider;
807	(iii) a recipient of an unsolicited commercial email; or
808	(iv) a person whose brand, trademark, email address, or domain name an advertiser or
809	initiator uses, without authorization, in the header information.
810	(b) (i) There is a rebuttable presumption that a commercial email that violates Section
811	13-59-201 is an unsolicited commercial email.
812	(ii) The burden of proving that a commercial email is not an unsolicited commercial
813	email is on the defendant.
814	(2) (a) A person described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii) may recover:
815	(i) actual damages; and
816	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), liquidated damages of \$1,000 for each
817	unsolicited commercial email transmitted in violation of Section 13-59-201.
818	(b) If an addressee of an unsolicited commercial email has more than one email address
819	to which an advertiser or an initiator sends an unsolicited commercial email, the addressee is
820	considered a separate recipient for each email address to which the advertiser or the initiator
821	sends the unsolicited commercial email.
822	(c) If a court finds that an advertiser or an initiator used due diligence to establish and
823	implement practices and procedures to effectively prevent unsolicited commercial emails in
824	violation of this chapter, the court shall reduce the liquidated damages to \$100 for each
825	unsolicited commercial email transmitted in violation of Section 13-59-201.
826	(3) A person described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (iv) may recover:
827	(a) actual damages; and
828	(b) liquidated damages in an amount equal to the lesser of:
829	(i) \$1,000 for each commercial email transmitted in violation of this chapter that uses,
830	without authorization, a person's brand, trademark, email address, or domain name in the
831	header information; and

832	(11) \$2,000,000.
833	(4) The prevailing party in an action brought under this section may recover reasonable
834	attorney fees and costs.
835	(5) (a) Defendants in an action under this section are jointly and severally liable.
836	(b) There is no cause of action under this section against an electronic mail service
837	provider who is involved only in the routine transmission or conveyance of commercial email
838	over the email service provider's computer network.
839	Section 23. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
840	63G-2-305. Protected records.
841	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
842	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret
843	has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
844	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
845	person if:
846	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
847	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
848	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
849	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access
850	than the public in obtaining access; and
851	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with
852	the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
853	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity
854	to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
855	commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause
856	substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
857	(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
858	competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as
859	defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
860	(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
861	employment, or academic examinations;
862	(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement

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duty of confidentiality to the entity;

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863	proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or
864	agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
865	Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or
866	grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
867	(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental
868	entity in response to:
869	(i) an invitation for bids;
870	(ii) a request for proposals;
871	(iii) a request for quotes;
872	(iv) a grant; or
873	(v) other similar document; or
874	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
875	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
876	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict
877	the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
878	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
879	awarded and signed by all parties; or
880	(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
881	subject of the request for information; and
882	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is
883	issued;
884	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real
885	or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition
886	before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
887	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
888	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;

(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of

property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;

(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a

(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described

property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or

- (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
- (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
- (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;

925 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an 926 individual; 927 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 928 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, 929 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy; 930 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere 931 932 with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole: 933 (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of 934 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the 935 Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the 936 employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's 937 jurisdiction; 938 (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational 939 procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with 940 audits or collections; 941 (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit 942 until the final audit is released: 943 (17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege; 944 (18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer, 945 employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial, 946 quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding; 947 (19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or 948 from a member of the Legislature; and 949 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of 950 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and 951 (b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection 952 with the preparation of legislation between: 953 (A) members of a legislative body: 954 (B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or

(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and

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- 956 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of 957 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; 958 (20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and 959 General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated 960 legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the 961 legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and 962 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the 963 Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator 964 asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such 965 time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public; 966 (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and 967 General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared 968 in response to these requests; 969 (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public; 970 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about: 971 (a) collective bargaining; or 972 (b) imminent or pending litigation; 973 (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that 974 may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the 975 Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities; 976 (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation 977 concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of 978 personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest; 979 (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or
 - biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
 - (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
 - (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in

accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
 - (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an

1018	institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other
1019	information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of
1020	the donor, provided that:
1021	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
1022	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
1023	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
1024	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
1025	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged
1026	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
1027	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
1028	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
1029	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
1030	73-18-13;
1031	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
1032	34A-2-205;
1033	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
1034	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
1035	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
1036	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
1037	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
1038	(A) relating to research; and
1039	(B) of:
1040	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
1041	53B-1-102; or
1042	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
1043	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
1044	(iv) creative works in process;
1045	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
1046	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
1047	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
1048	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and

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- (c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
- (41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
- (b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
- (42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other document that indicates the location of:
 - (a) a production facility; or
 - (b) a magazine;
 - (43) information:
- (a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
 - (b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;
 - (44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
 - (45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the National Guard's federal mission;
 - (46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
 - (47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
- (48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section 63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of which would jeopardize:

20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;

1080 (a) the safety of the general public; or 1081 (b) the security of: 1082 (i) governmental property; 1083 (ii) governmental programs; or 1084 (iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency 1085 Management information; 1086 (49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under 1087 1088 Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control 1089 of Animal Disease; 1090 (50) as provided in Section 26-39-501: 1091 (a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint 1092 regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to substantiate; and 1093 1094 (b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health 1095 from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care; 1096 (51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as 1097 provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or 1098 personal mobile phone number, if: 1099 (a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law, 1100 ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and 1101 (b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be 1102 kept confidential due to: 1103 (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and 1104 (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order; 1105 (52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or 1106 mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number 1107 where the candidate may be contacted: 1108 (a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination, 1109 described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408,

1111	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
1112	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section
1113	20A-9-408;
1114	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
1115	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
1116	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
1117	53B-1-102; and
1118	(b) conducted using animals;
1119	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
1120	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to
1121	recommend that the voters retain a judge including information disclosed under Subsection
1122	78A-12-203(5)(e);
1123	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
1124	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
1125	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
1126	the information or report;
1127	(56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section
1128	62A-4a-1003;
1129	(57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
1130	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
1131	(58) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section
1132	63H-7a-302;
1133	(59) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
1134	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
1135	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
1136	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
1137	municipality;
1138	(60) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General
1139	of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
1140	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal

misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or

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- allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
- (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
- (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
- (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, or audit program; or
- (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an investigation or audit;
- (61) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
- (62) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 58-68-304(3) and (4);
 - (63) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
- (64) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
- (65) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim, including:
 - (a) a victim's application or request for benefits;
- (b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
- (c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,

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- evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim Reparations Fund;
 - (66) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that term is defined in Section 62A-2-101, except for recordings that:
 - (a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
 - (b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
 - (c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
 - (d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f); or
 - (e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;
 - (67) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly announced finalist;
 - (68) an audio recording that is:
 - (a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition;
 - (b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:
 - (i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening condition; and
 - (ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
- 1202 (c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve 1203 their response to an emergency situation;

1204	(69) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a
1205	recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget
1206	Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an
1207	employment position with the Legislature;
1208	(70) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
1209	(71) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
1210	under Section 61-1-206;
1211	(72) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
1212	31A-37-201 or 31A-22-653;
1213	(73) a record described in Section 31A-37-503[-];
1214	(74) any record created by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing as
1215	a result of Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
1216	(75) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
1217	involving an amusement ride;
1218	(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual
1219	on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
1220	including a petition or request described in the following titles:
1221	(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
1222	(b) Title 17, Counties;
1223	(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts;
1224	(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
1225	(e) Title 20A, Election Code;
1226	(77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in
1227	a voter registration record;
1228	(78) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a
1229	signature described in Subsection (76) or (77), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a
1230	local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
1231	(79) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part
1232	5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
1233	(80) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Subsection
1234	31A-47-103(1)(b); [and]

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1235	(81) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
1236	prohibited under Section 63G-26-103[-]; and
1237	(82) data protection assessments submitted by a controller to the Division of Consumer
1238	Protection or attorney general under Section 13-58-304.
1239	Section 24. Effective date.
1240	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2023.